



义务教育教科书

英语

ENGLISH

六年级

上册



人民教育出版社

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人民教育出版社 课程教材研究所 编著

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· 北京 ·

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致同学

同学们好，欢迎你们来到六年级，继续跟随 Miss Wu 和的小伙伴们一起学习英语！

在这本书的六个单元中，你们将用英语畅谈假期旅游的美好经历，表达自己的情绪与感受，分享种植与养殖的乐趣，认读季节与月份，了解不同的节日和纪念日习俗，并讲述榜样人物的故事。在这个过程中，你们也将开阔视野，学会向他人寻求帮助，了解动植物的生长规律，观察大自然、领略四季之美，了解各国节日、体验不同文化，向榜样学习、汲取力量。

在这个学期，你们会学到更丰富的英语语言文化知识，读到更有深度的故事，跟同学一起完成更有挑战性的任务。希望你们继续多听、多说、多读、多看、多写，不断尝试新的学习方法，多向老师请教，多跟同学交流。通过不断尝试和调整，你们一定会更好地掌握英语。

祝同学们在新学期的英语学习中取得更大进步！



Zhao Xinxin



Su Jiaming



Li Yaoyao



Wang Haoran



Miss Wu



Lisa Miller



Andy Clark



Sofia Smith



Harry White



Mimi



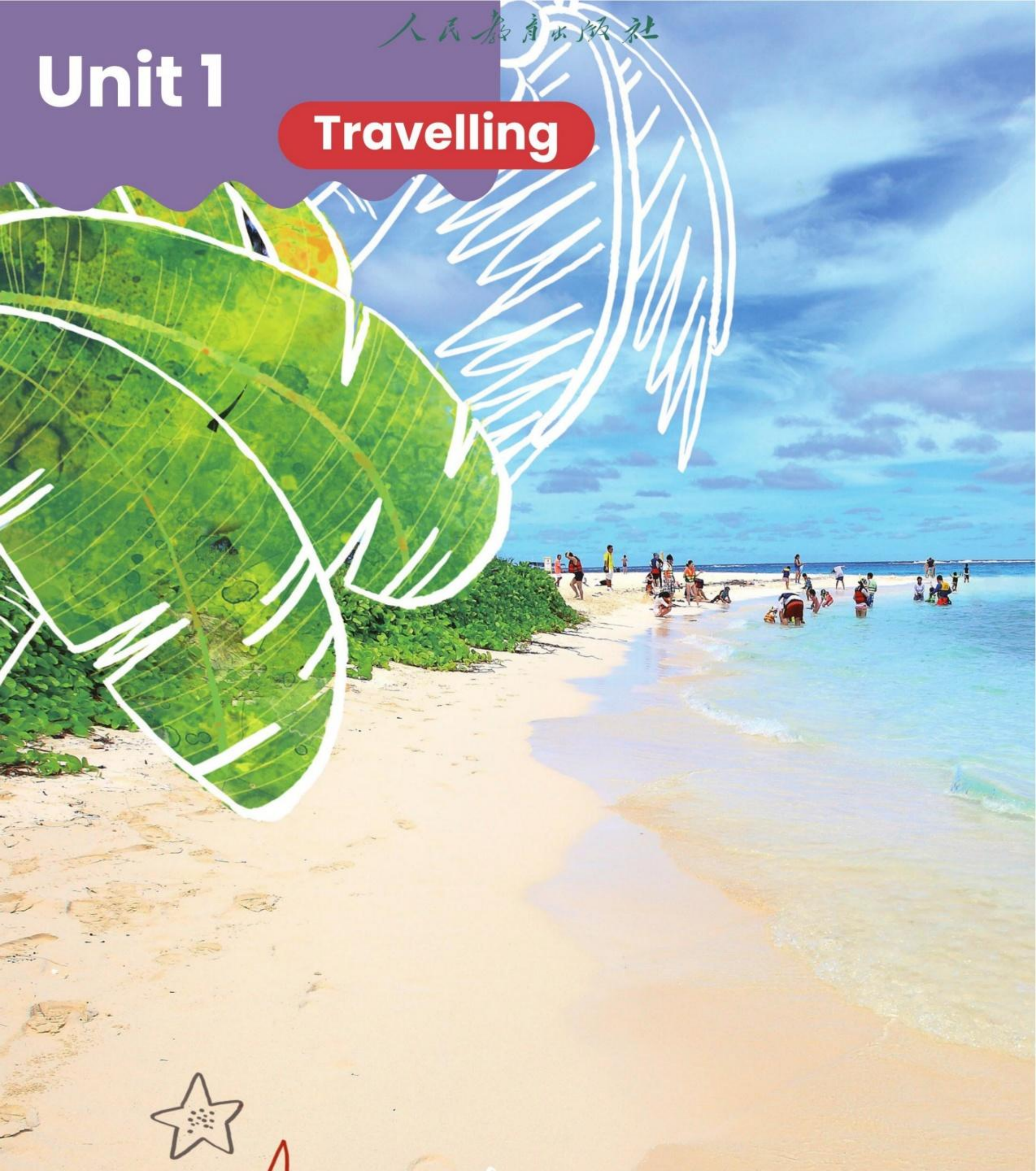
Lucky

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Unit 1

Travelling



The world is a book. Do not read only one page.



SUMMER

Questions:

- 1 What are the people in the picture doing?
- 2 Where did you go during the holiday? What did you do there?

Lesson 1

A Let's talk.



Yaoyao: Hi, Lisa! It's great to see you again. Where did you go during the holiday?

Lisa: I went to Paris with my parents. It's in the north of France.

Yaoyao: What do you think of Paris?

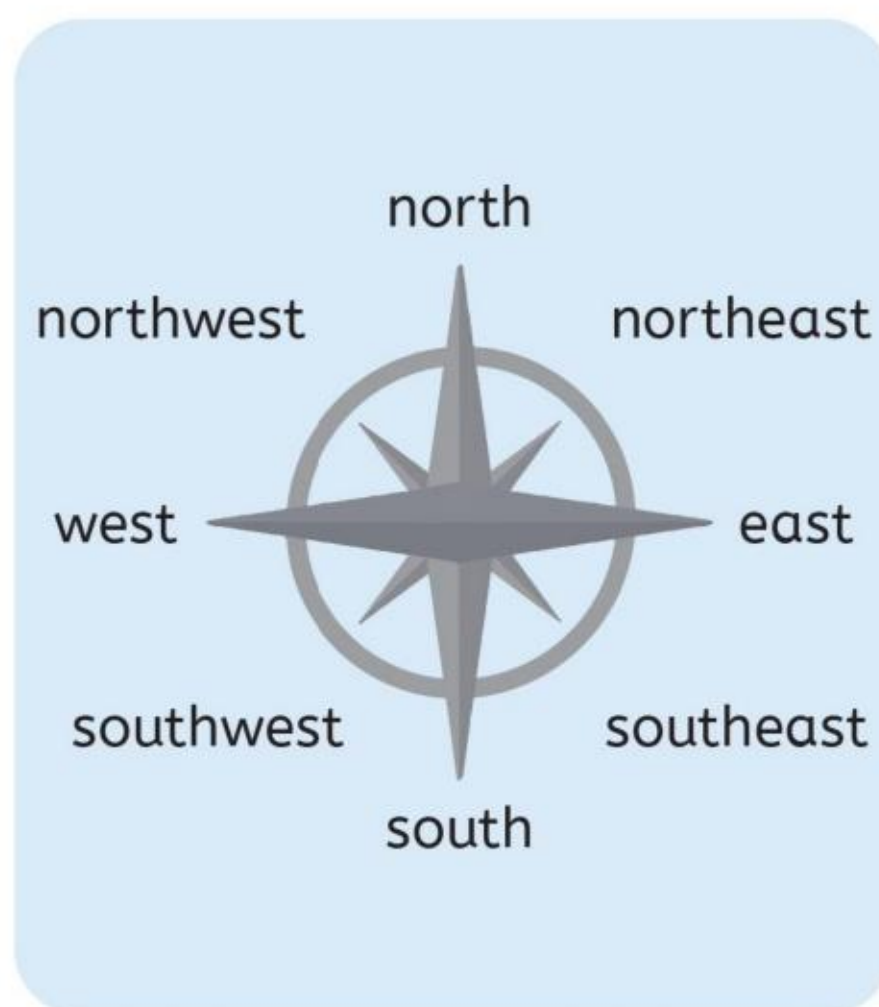
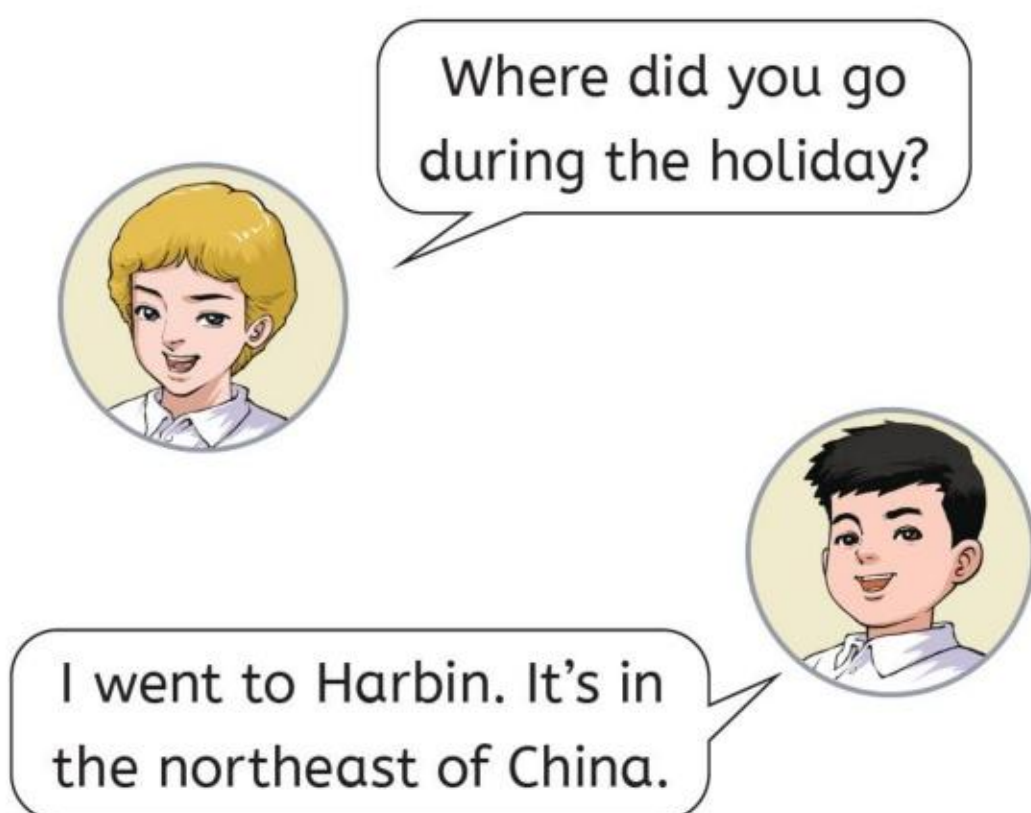
Lisa: It's a beautiful city. We had a wonderful time there. How about you? Where did you go during the holiday?

Yaoyao: I went to Sanya. It's my hometown.

Lisa: Where is Sanya?

Yaoyao: It's in the south of China. It's also a beautiful city.

B Let's learn.



C Look, listen and match. 

			
			
Sanya	Sydney	Paris	Hangzhou
southeast	north	south	east

D Let's play.

Where did you go during the holiday?

I went to Shanghai.

Where is Shanghai?

It's in the east of China.



Lesson 2

A Let's talk. 🎧

Sofia: Where did you go during the holiday, Harry?

Harry: I went to Weihai with my parents. It's in the east of China.

Sofia: What did you do there?

Harry: We went to the beach and swam in the sea.

Sofia: That sounds amazing!

Harry: How about you?

Sofia: I went to Anhui and climbed Mount Huangshan.

Harry: Did you have a good time there?

Sofia: Yes. I climbed to the top and watched the sunrise.



B Let's learn. 🎧



What did you do there?

I climbed a mountain.



climbed a mountain



visited a museum



watched the sunrise



rode a horse



swam in the sea

C Look, listen and match. 








D Do a survey.

Where did you go during the holiday?

I went to Shanghai.

What did you do there?

I visited a museum.

Name	Place	Activity

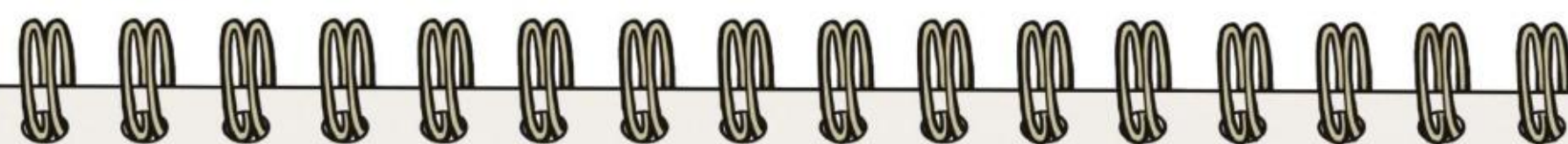
Lesson 3

A Read and write.

1 Do you like the seaside? Tick what you want to do there.

- | | |
|--|--|
| ☐ go swimming | ☐ build sandcastles |
| ☐ enjoy seafood | ☐ eat ice cream |
| ☐ play beach volleyball | ☐ read books |

2 Read Harry's travel story and underline what he and his family did. 



Last holiday I went to Weihai with my parents and my younger sister. Weihai is in the east of China. We stayed in a hotel by the sea.

We went to the beach in the morning. My sister and I built sandcastles. Dad and mum played beach volleyball and looked for some shells. At noon, it got hot and we went back to the hotel. We had our lunch, and then we read our favourite books. In the afternoon, we all went swimming in the sea. In the evening, we enjoyed some seafood in a restaurant.

What a wonderful time we had!



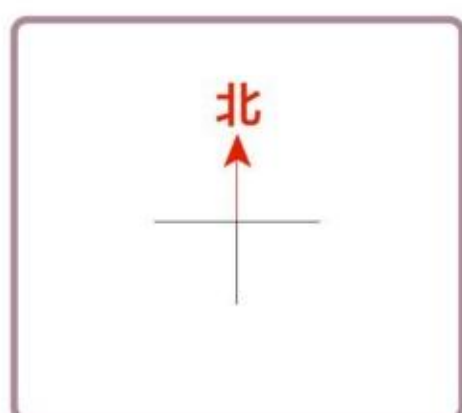
3 Read the travel story again and fill in the table.

Time	Place	Activity
In the morning	_____	_____ sandcastles
		_____ beach volleyball and _____ some shells
At noon	_____	_____ lunch
		_____ books
In the afternoon	_____	_____ swimming in the sea
In the evening	_____	_____ some seafood

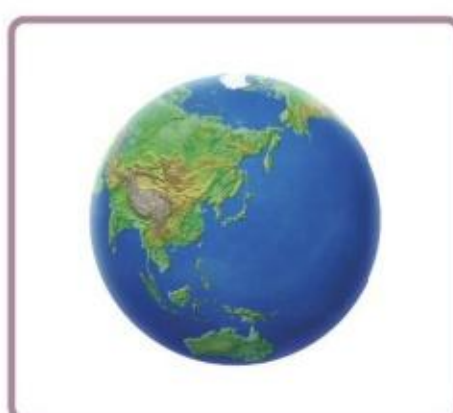
4 Write about your travel story.

- (1) Where did you go?
- (2) Who did you go with?
- (3) What did you do there?
- (4) How did you feel?

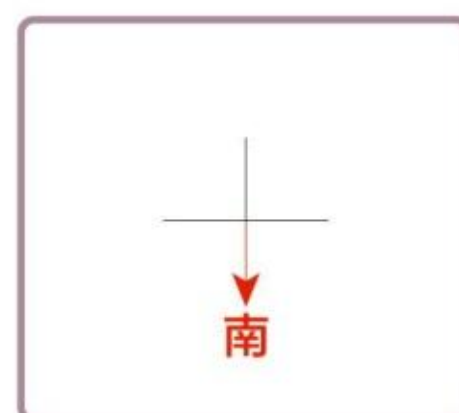
B Let's spell. 🎧



north



earth



south



thank



think



thirty

C Listen and repeat. 🎧

A: Where did you go during the holiday?

B: I wen(t) to the south of China.

Fun time

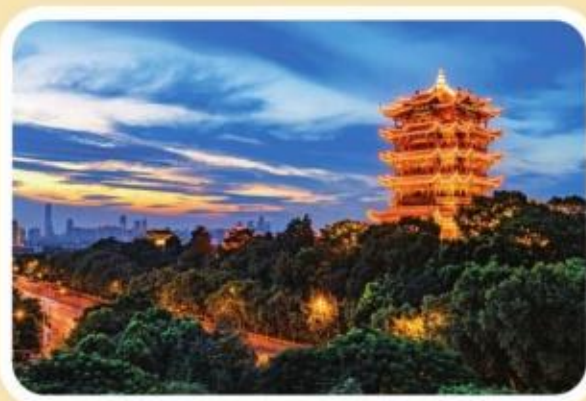
A Let's do.

My travel photo book

1 Find some photos and write about each photo.



I went to Wuhan with my parents last summer by train.



We visited the Yellow Crane Tower.



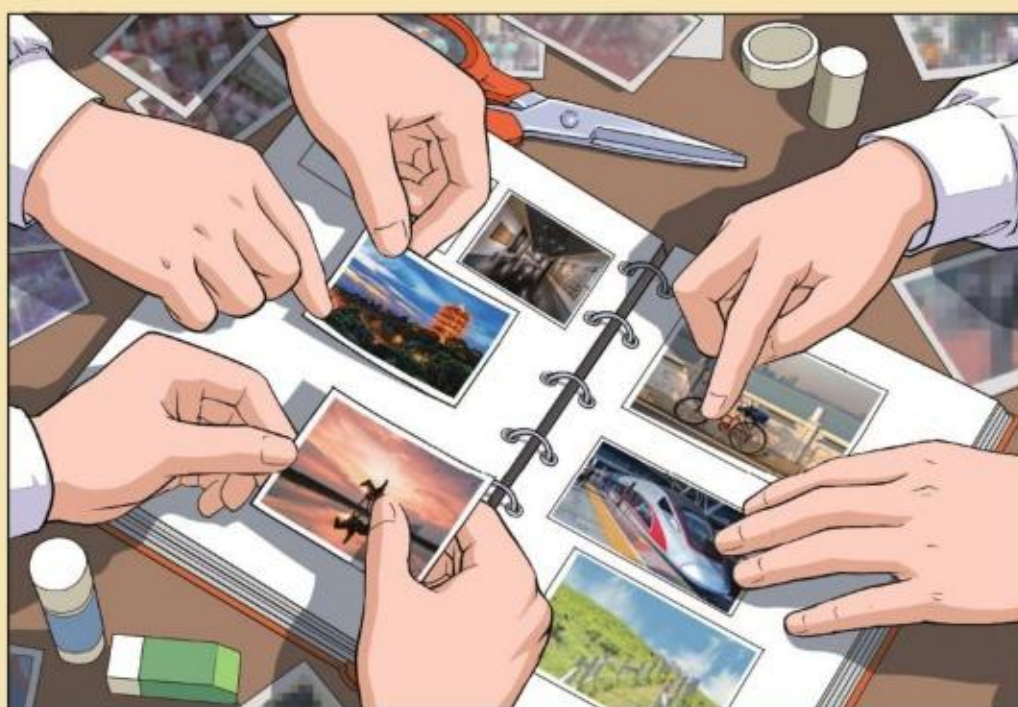
I took a bike ride around the East Lake.

2 Share your travel experience.



I went to Wuhan with my parents last summer by train ...

3 Make a travel photo book with your classmates.



B Good to know.



China Tourism Day is on 19 May every year. The date is related to Xu Xiake, a famous traveller of the Ming Dynasty. His travel stories tell us a lot



about the natural scenery and people's lives at that time. Do you know the date of World Tourism Day?

Self-check

1 I can say:



north, northeast, east, southeast, south, southwest, west, northwest, climbed a mountain, visited a museum, watched the sunrise, rode a horse, swam in the sea, city, wonderful, hometown, beach, top, last, young, look for, get

2 I can talk:



A: Where did you go during the holiday?

B: I went to Harbin. It's in the northeast of China.

A: What did you do there?

B: I climbed a mountain.

3 I can write about what I did during a holiday.



4 I can spell words like northth and th^{ank}.



Story time

A Let's read.

Hey kids! Welcome back! What did you do during the holiday?



What did you do during the holiday, Andy?

I visited the Palace Museum. It's in Beijing, the capital of China.



What did you do during the holiday, Haoran?



I visited the beautiful gardens in Suzhou. Suzhou is in the east of China.

What did you do during the holiday, Jiaming?

I didn't go anywhere. I stayed at home.





B Answer the questions.

- 1 Where did Andy go during the holiday?
- 2 Where did Haoran go during the holiday?
- 3 How did Jiaming visit many places around the world?

C Retell the story.

Unit 2

My feelings



Ask for help when you feel bad.



Questions:

- 1 How do the girls in the pictures feel?
- 2 When you feel bad, do you ask for help? Who do you go to for help?

Lesson 1

A Let's talk.

Lisa: Why are you so excited?

Xinxin: Because our volleyball team won an important game today, and I played in the game!

Lisa: Good for you!

Xinxin: Thank you! What about you?
You look a little sad.

Lisa: I lost my favourite storybook.

Xinxin: Don't worry. Let's go to the
Lost & Found and have a look.

Lisa: Right. Let's go!



B Let's learn.



Why are you so excited?



Because I won a game.



excited



happy



sad



angry



won a game



got a
birthday gift



got ill



broke my toy

C Look, listen and match. 🎧



D Let's play.

Why are you so angry?

Because someone broke my toy bus.
Why are you so happy?



Because I got a birthday gift.

Lesson 2

A Let's talk.

Xinxin: Harry, you look sad. What's up?

Harry: I just lost a ping-pong game. I really have difficulty playing ping-pong.

Xinxin: Don't worry. You can ask our PE teacher for help. He plays ping-pong very well.

Harry: But what if he is too busy?

Xinxin: Then you can go to Jiaming for help. Jiaming is very good at playing ping-pong too.

Harry: Good idea. Thanks!



B Let's learn.



I have difficulty writing Chinese.



Don't worry. You can ask our teachers for help.



ask our
teachers for
help



go to your
parents for
help

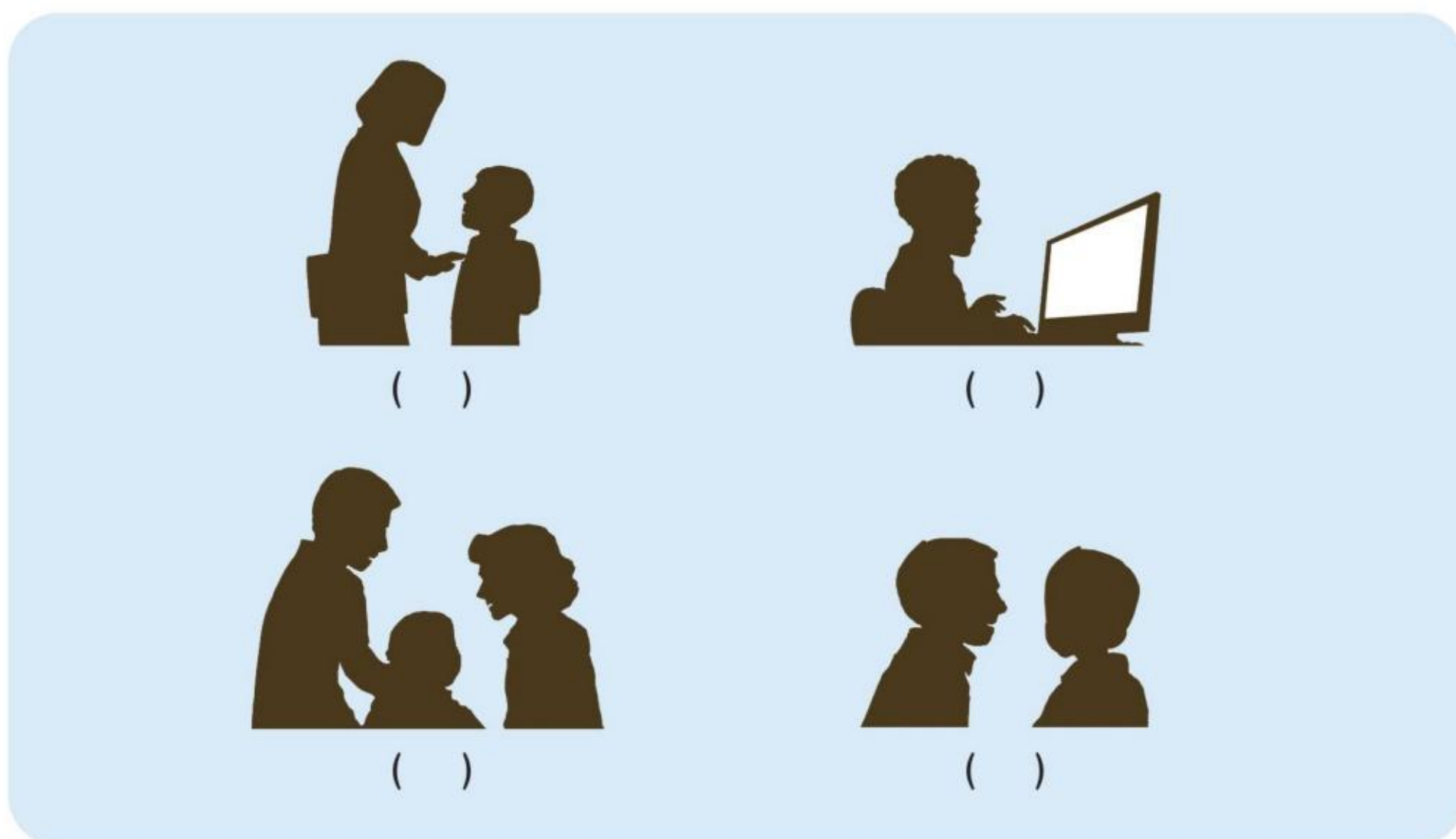


look for
answers on
the internet



talk to
your
friends

© Look, listen and number. 🎧

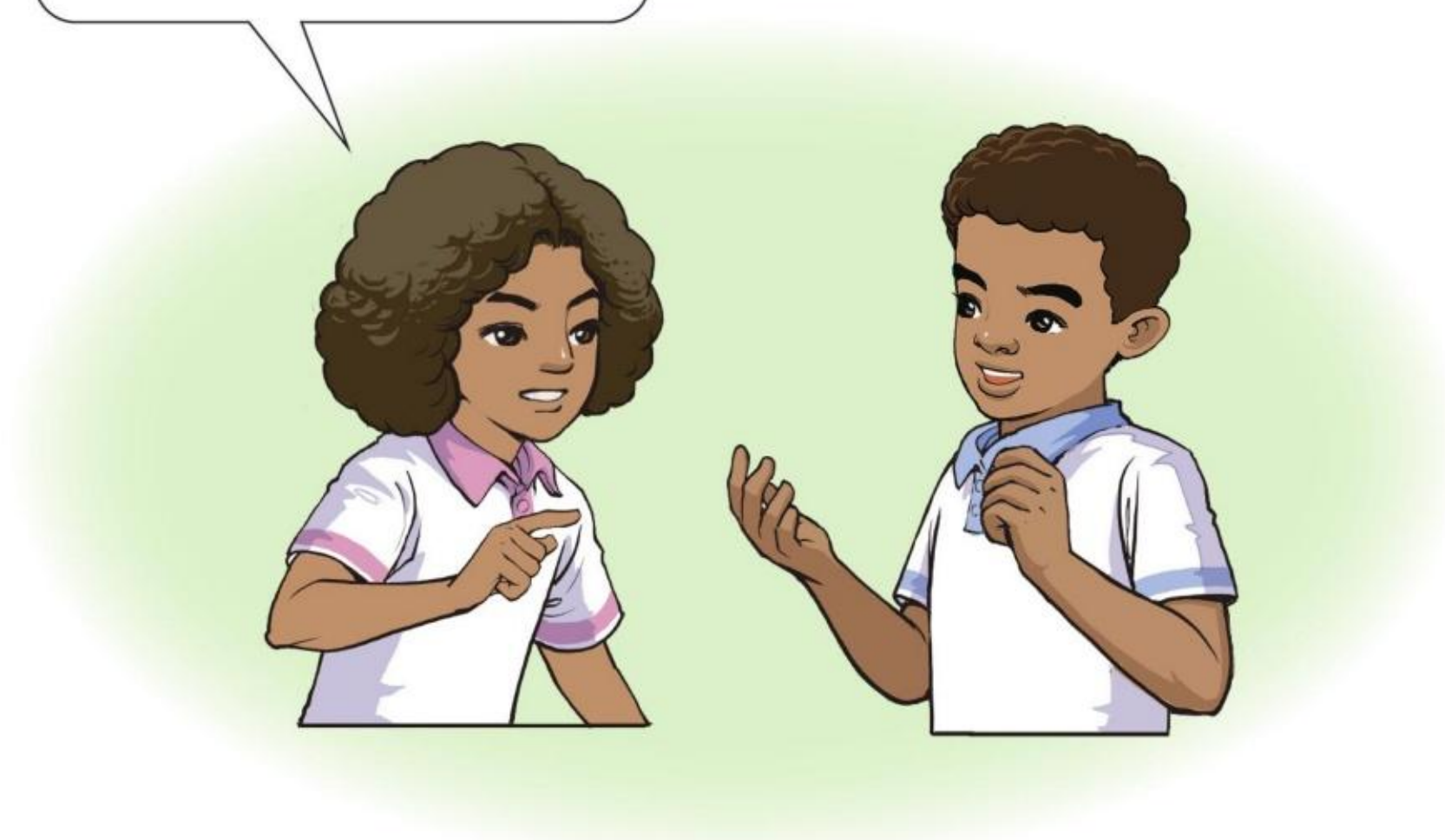


D Ask and answer.

You look worried. What's up?

You can talk to Harry.
He is good at swimming.

I have difficulty swimming.
What can I do?



Lesson 3

A Read and write.

1 When do you feel sad/angry? How do you make yourself happy again?

2 Read the text and underline the different feelings. 

- Sofia is excited today because she and Xinxin are friends again.
- Two weeks ago, Sofia and Xinxin had a new classmate, Emma. Xinxin began to play with Emma. This made Sofia sad, and she cried. Her mum said, “Don’t worry! You can all be friends!” So Sofia called Xinxin. Xinxin was surprised. She said, “Of course we are still friends! I told Emma a lot about you, and she really wants to be friends with you too!”
- When we have a problem with a friend, we just need to talk about it. Maybe it is not a problem at all.

3 Read the text again and answer the questions.

(1) How does Sofia feel now?

(2) How did Sofia feel over the past two weeks? What happened to her?

(3) What can you learn from this story?

4 Write about one of your problems and how you solved it.

(1) What problem did you have?

(2) How did you feel then?

(3) How did you solve it?

B Let's spell.



that



they



those



mother



father



brother

C Listen and repeat.

A: Why are the father an(d) mother so excited?

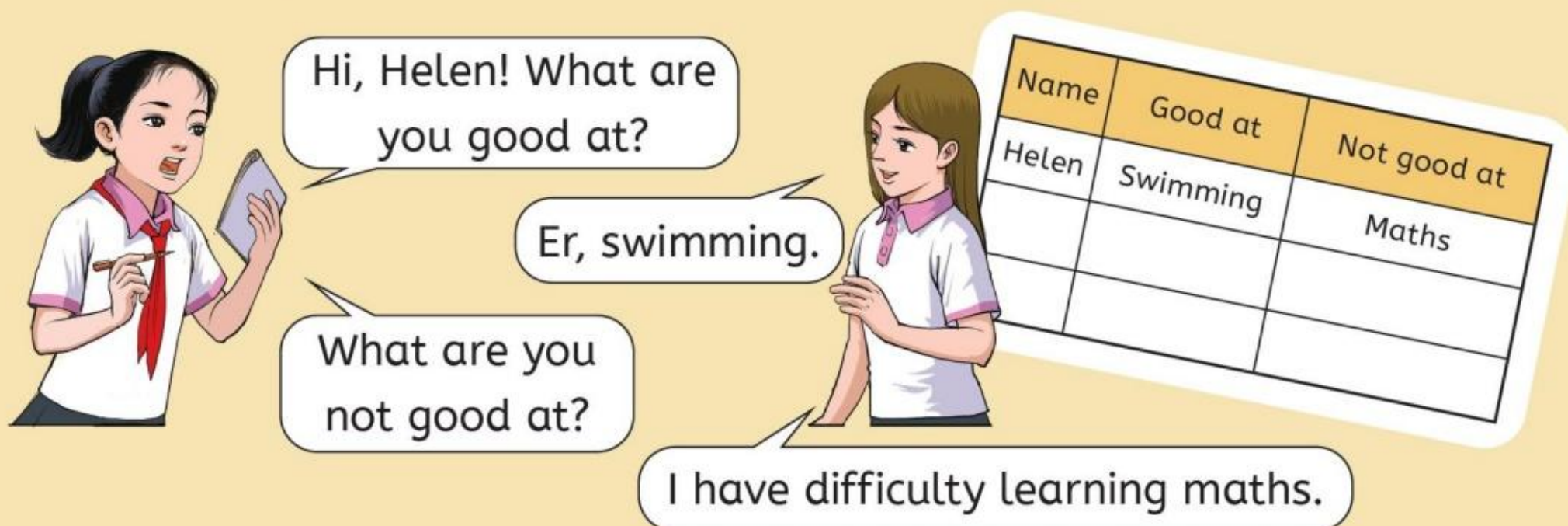
B: Because they have a new baby!

Fun time

A Let's do.

Do a survey and form support groups

1 Do a survey.



2 Sum up the survey.

Activity/Subject	Good at	Not good at
Swimming	Helen, Harry	Xinxin, Andy
Maths	Haoran	Helen

3 Form support groups.



B Good to know.

How to manage bad feelings

When you feel sad, worried or angry, you can try these steps.

Step 1 Take a deep breath and try to relax.

Step 2 Ask yourself why you feel bad. Then think about what you can do.

Step 3 Take action. Do something to make yourself feel better. If it does not work, ask someone for help.



Self-check

1 I can say:



excited, happy, sad, angry, won a game, got a birthday gift, got ill, broke my toy, ask our teachers for help, go to your parents for help, look for answers on the internet, talk to your friends, why, volleyball, ago, begin, cry, call, not ... at all

■ What's up?

2 I can talk:



A: Why are you so excited?

B: Because I won a game.

A: I have difficulty writing Chinese.

B: Don't worry. You can ask our teachers for help.

3 I can write about my feelings.

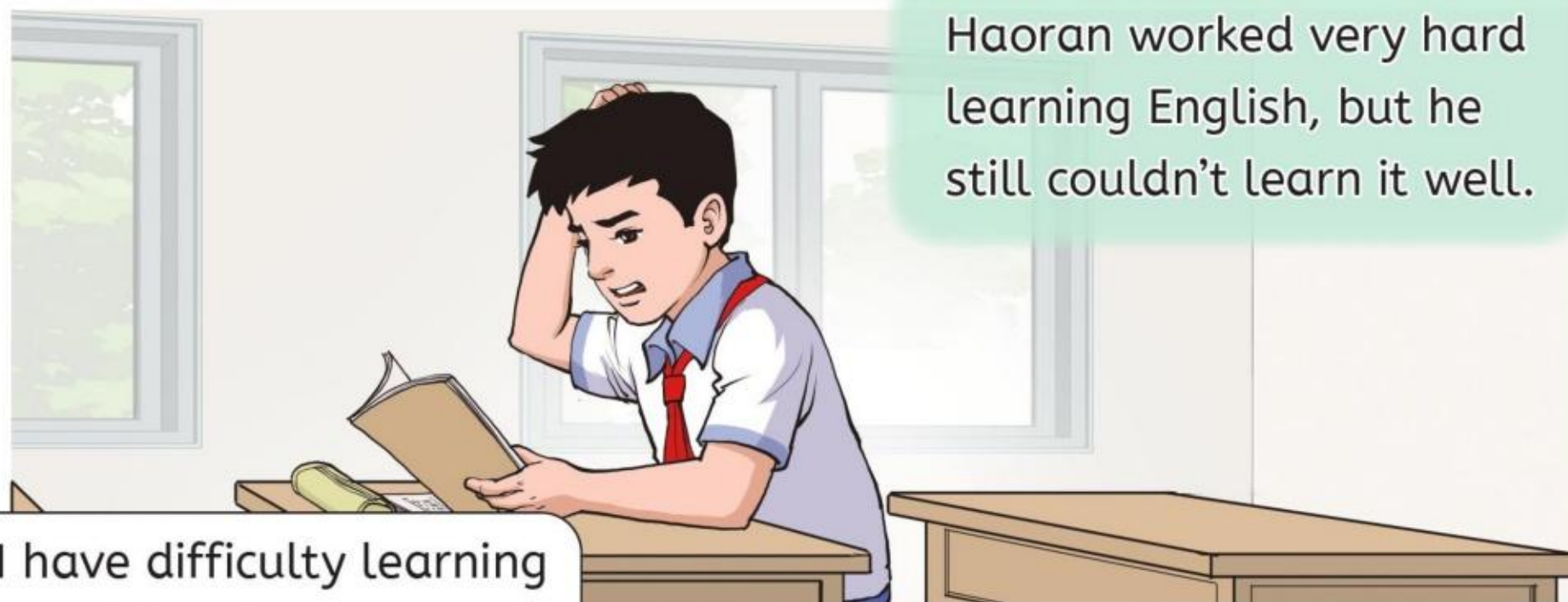


4 I can spell words like **that** and **mother**.



Story time

A Let's read.



Haoran worked very hard learning English, but he still couldn't learn it well.

I have difficulty learning English. What can I do?



So he talked to Xinxin.

I like listening to English songs. It helps.



Then he went to Andy for help.

Speaking English more helps a lot.



I like reading English stories. It helps.

Jiaming told Haoran about his way of learning English.



B Let's match.



speak
English
more

listen to
English
songs

read
English
stories

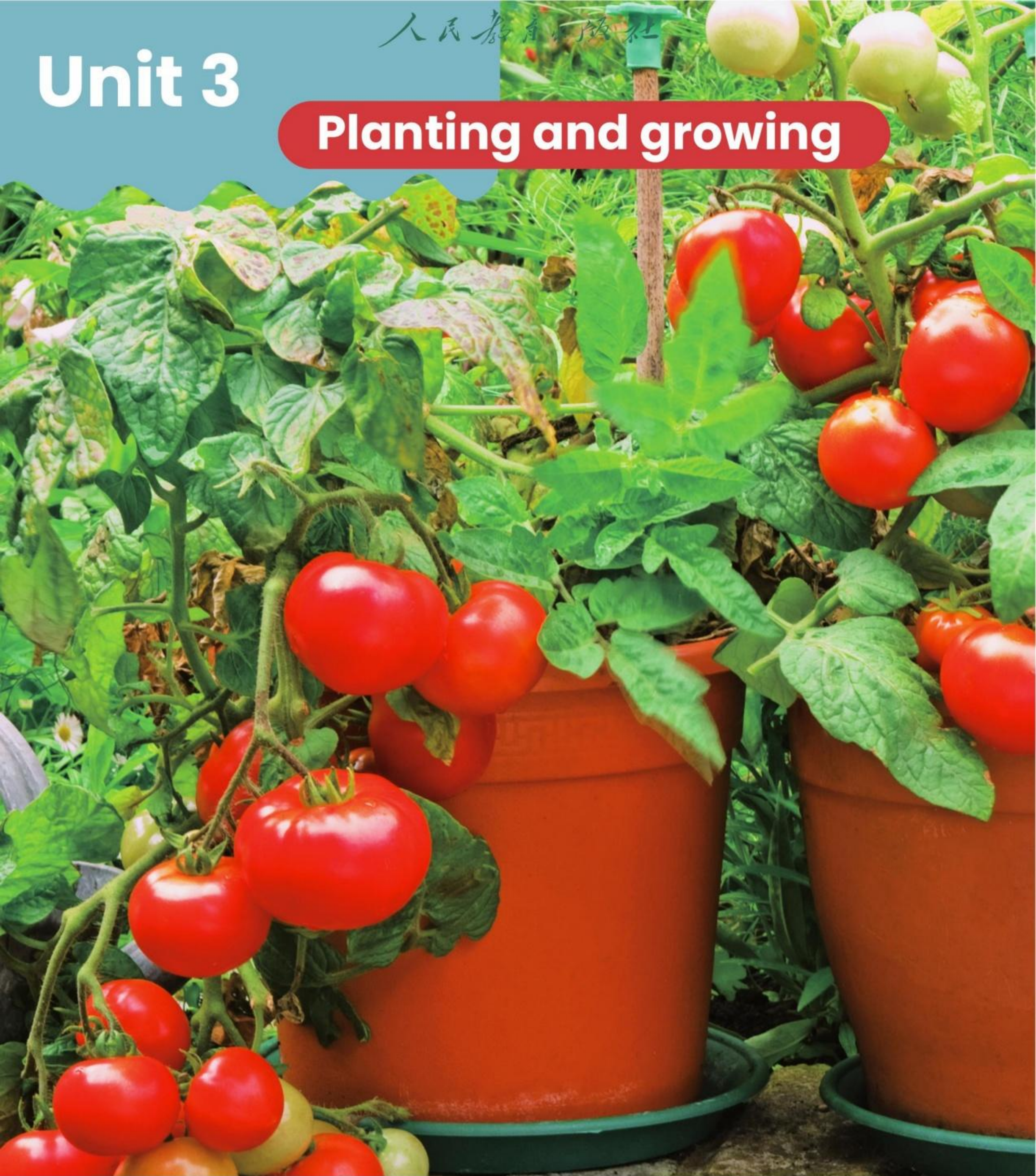
keep an
English
diary

use English
every day

C Retell the story.

Unit 3

Planting and growing



You reap what you sow.



Questions:

- 1 What plant is in the picture? Do you know how to grow it?
- 2 Do you know how to grow other plants?

Lesson 1

A Let's talk.

Dad: Jiaming, let's plant some radishes, OK?

Jiaming: Great! How do we plant them?

Dad: Here is a list of the key steps. Have a look.

Jiaming: OK. First, get some seeds, soil and a pot. Do we have them all?

Dad: Yes. Here they are.

Jiaming: OK. Second, put the seeds in the soil. Third, water the soil. Fourth, put the pot in the sun. Last, harvest the radishes in about 30 days. It sounds very easy. I can't wait. Let's do it now!



B Let's learn.



How do we plant radishes?

First, ... Second, ... Third, ...
Fourth, ... Last, ...



①

First, get some seeds, soil and a pot.



②

Second, put the seeds in the soil.



③

Third, water the soil.



④

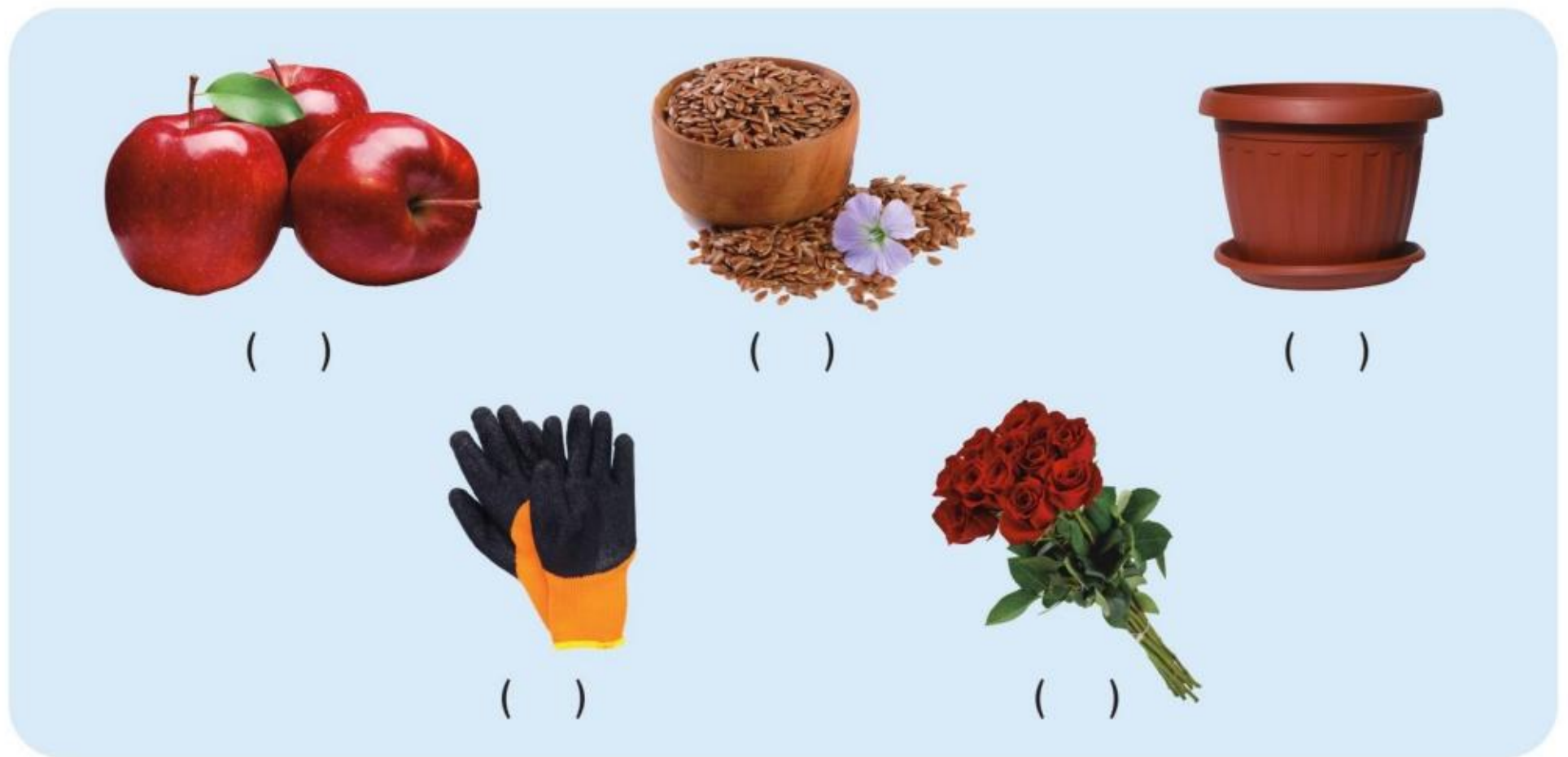
Fourth, put the pot in the sun.



⑤

Last, harvest them in about 30 days!

© Look, listen and number. 



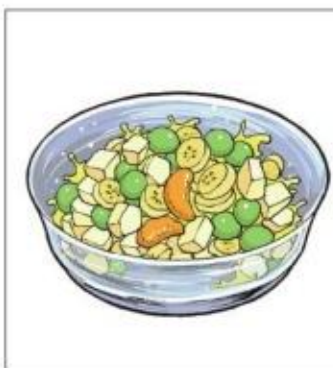
D Ask and answer.

How do you plant tomatoes?

First, I get some seeds.
Second, I ...



plant tomatoes



make a salad

Lesson 2

A Let's talk.



Mr Li: Jiaming, please tell us how you planted your radishes.

Jiaming: OK. On the first day, I put some seeds in some soil and watered them. On the fifth day, tiny plants came out of the soil.

Mr Li: How many leaves did you see?

Jiaming: Two tiny leaves on each plant at first, and on the fourteenth day, I saw more leaves.

Mr Li: Great! What happened then?

Jiaming: From the sixteenth day, the plants grew bigger and bigger. And on the thirtieth day, I pulled up all the radishes! They were delicious!

Mr Li: What a wonderful experience!

B Let's learn.

5	five	5th	fifth
6	six	6th	sixth
7	seven	7th	seventh
8	eight	8th	eighth
9	nine	9th	ninth
10	ten	10th	tenth

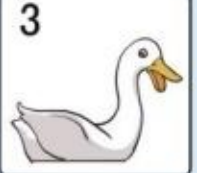
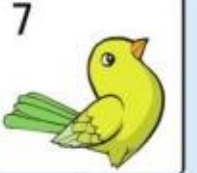
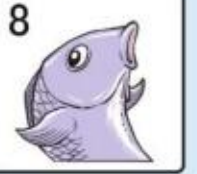
Turn to page 89 to learn more about numbers.



C Look, listen and match. 

third	fifth	fourteenth	thirtieth
			

D Look and say.

1 	2 	3 	4 	5 	6 	7 
14 	13 	12 	11 	10 	9 	8 
↓						
15 	16 	17 	18 	19 		

The first animal
is a chicken.

The second animal
is a cow.

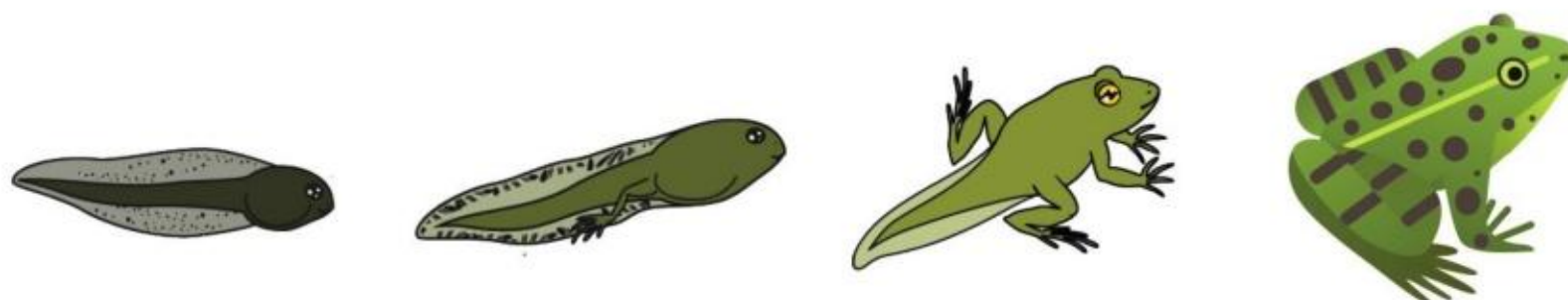
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Lesson 3

A Read and write.

1 Do you know how a tadpole turns into a frog?



2 Read the text and underline the key stages of how the frog grew. 🎧

- Xiaoming found a tadpole in a pond. It had a big head
- and a small tail. He took it home in a small bottle. It grew
- two legs on the second day. He was so excited. On the
- fourteenth day, it grew two front legs and its tail began
- to get shorter. On the twenty-eighth day, he couldn't find
- his tadpole. He was worried. Then he heard a sound at the
- window. Wow! The little tadpole was now a little frog!

3 Read the text again and complete the summary.

- ▶ On the first day: Xiaoming found a tadpole in a pond.
- ▶ On the second day: it grew _____
- ▶ _____
- ▶ _____
- ▶ _____
- ▶ _____

4 Find out how a plant or an animal grows. Then write down the key stages.

B Let's spell. 🎧



oil



boil



soil



boy



joy



toy

C Listen and repeat. 🎧

First, boil some oil. Then, fry the chips for the goo(d) boy.

Fun time

A Let's do.

A mini book about how a plant grows

1 Plant something you like and take notes.



2 Make a mini book about how your plant grew.



3 Share with your classmates.



B Good to know.

Planting at home

Where can we plant?

We can plant on the balcony, in the yard or at other places.

What can we plant?

We can plant a lot of things, like tomatoes, potatoes, cucumbers, eggplants, strawberries, and lettuces.

What do plants need to grow?

To grow well, plants need sunlight, air and water.



Self-check

1 I can say:

first, get, seed, soil, pot, second, put, third, fourth, sun, last, harvest, fifth, sixth, seventh, eighth, ninth, tenth, grow, radish, easy, wait, tiny, leaf, fourteenth, sixteenth, thirtieth, pull, front



2 I can talk:

A: How do we plant radishes?

B: First, ... Second, ... Third, ... Fourth, ... Last, ...



3 I can write about how a plant or an animal grows.



4 I can spell words like **oil** and **boy**.



Story time

A Let's read.



"Summer is a good time to grow tomatoes," said Xixi. "First we put the seeds in the soil and water the soil."

"Then what?" asked Huanhuan.

"Then we wait," said Xixi.



"Why can't I see tomato plants?" Huanhuan asked on the third day.

"Just wait!" said Xixi.



On the seventh day, Huanhuan saw some little plants. And he was so excited! "But when can I see some tomatoes?"

"Just wait!" said Xixi.



The plants grew bigger. On the 55th day, Huanhuan shouted, "Look! Flowers! But where are the tomatoes?"

"Just wait!" said Xixi.



On the 64th day,
Huanhuan shouted, "Look!
Tomatoes! But they're so
small and green! When
can I eat them?"

"Just wait!" said Xixi.

Last, the tomatoes turned
red. Xixi and Huanhuan were
both very happy!

"What do we need to grow
tomatoes, Huanhuan?" asked
Mum.

"Water, soil, and sunlight!"

"Anything else?"

"Patience!" answered Xixi and
Huanhuan.



B Fill in the blanks.

On the first day, Xixi and Huanhuan planted some tomatoes.

On the _____ day, they saw _____.

On the _____ day, they saw _____.

On the _____ day, they saw _____.

Last, _____.

C Retell the story.

Revision 1

A Listen and do (1).

1 Look, listen and choose. 🎧









- A. Be careful and put your things in order.
- B. Ask the doctor for help.
- C. Talk to friends and share the news with them.
- D. Keep working hard.

2 Talk in groups about how you feel.

I'm angry. My little brother broke my toy.

You can talk to your parents. They may solve the problem.



I'm sad. I have difficulty writing English.

Don't worry. You can ask our English teacher for help.

B Listen and do (2).

1 Look, listen and number. 



() Dali



() Qingdao



() Harbin



() Hangzhou

2 Listen again and fill in the blanks. 

(1) Zhang Wen's hometown is in _____.

(2) Zhang Wen went to the beach and _____
in Qingdao.

(3) Zhang Wen went to see her aunt and _____
_____ in _____.

(4) Before Zhang Wen went home, she went to _____. It is in
the _____ of China. She _____ there.

3 Ask and answer.

Where did you go last weekend?

I went to a cinema and watched a film.

Where is the cinema?

It's in the northeast of our city.



 Read and write.

1 Read Jiaming's diary and fill in the blanks.

I visited my grandpa's farm during the holiday. I got some lettuce seeds when I left. Lettuce is my favourite vegetable, so I was excited.

When I got home, I found out on the internet how to plant lettuce. First, I put some soil in a pot. Second, I put the seeds in the soil. Third, I watered the soil to keep it wet enough. On the sixth day, tiny plants came out of the soil. I put them in the sun for about six hours every day. The leaves became bigger and bigger. On the sixtieth day, they looked big enough to eat. So I cut some off and my mother cooked them. So delicious!



- ▶ Jiaming visited _____ during the holiday.
- ▶ Jiaming got some _____ when he left.
- ▶ Jiaming found out on the _____ how to plant lettuce.
- ▶ On the _____ day, tiny plants came out of the soil.
- ▶ Jiaming put the plants in the sun for _____ every day.
- ▶ On the _____ day, the plants looked big enough to eat.

2 Write about your experience of planting during the holiday.

- (1) What did you plant?
- (2) What problems did you have?
- (3) How did you solve them?

D Let's spell.

Read, sort and write.

boy mother enjoy soil brother spoil
earth thank south joy boil father

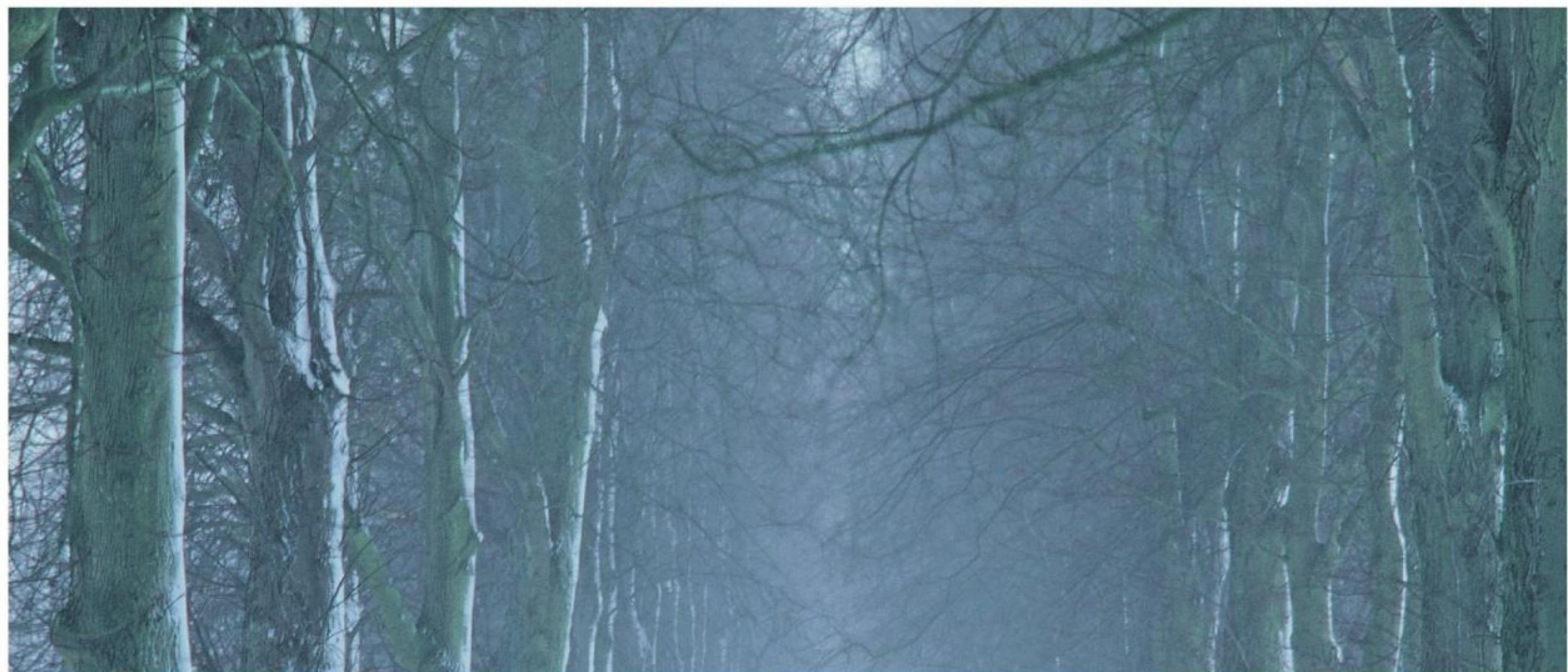
th	th	oi	oy
think	those	oil	toy

Unit 4

Seasons



Each season has its own beauty.



Questions:

- 1 What season is it in each picture?
- 2 What season is it now? Do you like this season? Why?



Lesson 1

A Let's talk.

Xinxin: Good morning, Haoran! The leaves are turning yellow.
Autumn is coming!

Haoran: Yes. I like autumn. It is neither too cold nor too hot. It is a season of harvest.

Xinxin: I don't like autumn very much.
The weather gets cool. The leaves begin to fall. Sometimes it makes me sad.

Haoran: What is your favourite season?

Xinxin: My favourite season is spring.
Flowers come out. Some animals wake up from their long sleep. Everything comes to life.

Haoran: Oh, each season has its own beauty!



B Let's learn.



What is your favourite season?



My favourite season is spring.



spring



summer



autumn



winter

Look, listen and match. 














Let's play.

What is your favourite season?

What's it like?

It's winter.

Guess!

It is very cold. It snows sometimes.
The days are short and the nights
are long.

Yes!








Lesson 2

A Let's talk. 🎧

Lisa: Hey, Jiaming! Would you like an orange?

Jiaming: Thanks. Oh, it's sweet. Where did you get it?

Lisa: I picked it in a fruit garden. I often pick fruit in autumn.

Jiaming: Oh, that sounds great!

Lisa: What do you like to do in autumn?

Jiaming: I like to go for walks with my parents on autumn nights. We like to look at the sky and the bright moon. The wind is cool. It feels really nice.

Lisa: That's great!



B Let's learn. 🎧



What do you like to do in spring?

I like to go on outings.



go on outings



look at the sky



pick fruit



go for walks



go ice skating

C Look, listen and choose.











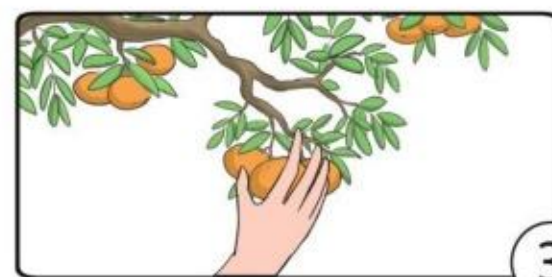
1

go on outings



2

look at the sky



3

pick fruit



4

go for walks



5

go ice skating

D Let's play.

What is your favourite season?

Spring.

What do you like to do in spring?

I like to plant flowers.



Lesson 3

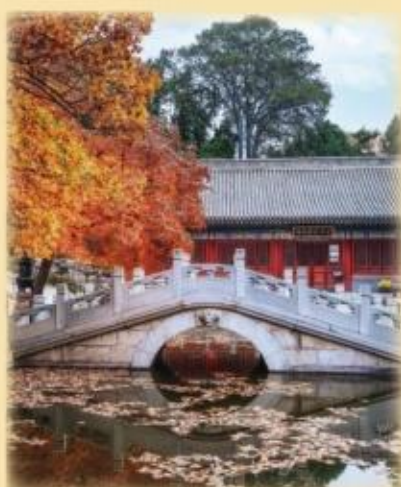
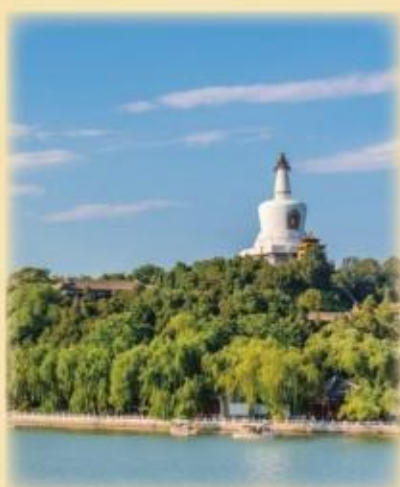
A Read and write.

1 What activities do you like to do in different seasons?

2 Read the text and underline the seasons and activities. 

Four seasons in Beijing

Beijing has four seasons in a year. Each one has its own special beauty. Spring is warm. Sometimes there is light rain. People love seeing flowers and going on outings. They also enjoy flying kites in the park. Summer is hot. It's a great time to go camping and look at the stars at night. Swimming is also a fun way to keep you cool. Autumn is beautiful and comfortable. Many people go for walks and take photos in Xiangshan. Kids like picking colourful leaves there too. Winter is very cold. Ice skating and eating hot pot bring lots of joy. Playing with snow and making snowmen with friends are great fun.



3 Read the text again and fill in the table.

Season	Activity
Spring	
Summer	
Autumn	
Winter	

4 Write about the seasons in your hometown.

- (1) How is the weather in each season?
(2) What do people like to do in each season?

B Let's spell. 🎧



beach



lunch



peach



catch



match



watch

C Listen and repeat. 🎧

A: Wha(t) do you li(ke) to do on the beach?

B: I li(ke) to eat a peach on the beach.

Fun time

A Let's do.

Popular activities in each season

1 Do a group survey about everyone's favourite season.

Name	What is your favourite season?			
	Spring	Summer	Autumn	Winter

2 Find a photo of your favourite activity in your favourite season, and share it in your group.

My favourite season is summer. I often go for walks in summer.



3 Find out the most popular activity in each season.



B Good to know.

Same time, different seasons

China and Australia have different seasons at the same time.

In June, July and August, it is summer in China, and people wear light clothes, like shorts and T-shirts. At the same time, it is winter in Australia, and people wear warm clothes, like coats and sweaters.

New Year's Day is in winter in China, but it's in summer in Australia. While many people in China celebrate New Year's Day in cold and snowy weather, people in Australia enjoy hot and sunny weather on that day.



Self-check

1 I can say:

spring, summer, autumn, winter, go on outings, look at the sky, pick fruit, go for walks, go ice skating, season, wake, moon, year, rain, star, snow



2 I can talk:

A: What is your favourite season?

B: My favourite season is spring.

A: What do you like to do in spring?

B: I like to go on outings.



3 I can write about what a season is like.



4 I can spell words like beach and catch.



Story time

A Let's read.

Mianmian is a little white rabbit. She lives in a lovely small garden.



In spring, flowers bloom everywhere and dance gently in the warm wind. Mianmian plays happily among the flowers every day.

"Spring is beautiful!" she says. "I wish it could be spring all year round."

Soon, summer comes. The sun shines brightly. Many spring flowers fade away. "Oh no," she sighs. "Summer is too hot and boring."



But one evening, Mianmian smells something sweet. She looks toward the pond and sees lotuses blooming quietly. Fireflies fly through the dark sky, shining like little stars.

"Amazing!" she says. "I didn't know summer could be so beautiful."





Then autumn arrives. The leaves turn orange and yellow. They fall from the trees like butterflies. Mianmian gets an apple from a little mouse. She takes a bite. "Emm, autumn is yummy!"



Cold wind blows through the garden in winter. The trees become bare. "The garden is empty," Mianmian thinks sadly.



Then, one morning, she wakes up and sees white snow everywhere. She laughs and jumps in the white world. "Winter is pure," she says. "It is beautiful too." Now Mianmian understands. Each season has its own beauty.

B Answer the questions.

1. Why did Mianmian change her idea about summer?
2. How does Mianmian feel when she sees the snowy garden?
3. What does Mianmian learn from the four seasons?

C Retell the story.

Unit 5

Celebration days



Don't count the days; make the days count.



Questions:

- 1 What celebration day can you see in the picture?
- 2 What is your favourite month? Why?

Lesson 1

A Let's talk. 🎧

Lisa: Jiaming, I have some questions about celebration days.
Could you please help me?

Jiaming: Sure. Go ahead.

Lisa: When is the Spring Festival?

Jiaming: Well, it's in January or February. It's on the first day of the first month on the Chinese lunar calendar.

Lisa: Got it. When is Women's Day?

Jiaming: It's on the eighth of March.

Lisa: And when is Labour Day in China?

Jiaming: It's on the first of May.

Lisa: OK, thanks. You know everything!



B Let's learn. 🎧



When is Mother's Day?

It's on the second Sunday of May.

When is Father's Day?

It's on the third Sunday of June.



1月 JAN						
日	一	二	三	四	五	六
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			

January

2月 FEB						
日	一	二	三	四	五	六
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
18	19	20	21	22	23	24
25	26	27	28	29		

February

3月 MAR						
日	一	二	三	四	五	六
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

March

4月 APR						
日	一	二	三	四	五	六
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30				

April

5月 MAY						
日	一	二	三	四	五	六
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30	31	

May

6月 JUN						
日	一	二	三	四	五	六
						1
2	3	4	5	6	7	8
9	10	11	12	13	14	15
16	17	18	19	20	21	22
23	24	25	26	27	28	29
30						

June

C Look, listen and match. 



January

March

April

June

D Let's play.



When is the Qingming Festival?

It's on the fourth, fifth, or sixth of April.

What do you do on the Qingming Festival?

I often have picnics with my family.

I always go to my hometown with my parents on this day. What about you?

Lesson 2

A Let's talk. 🎧

Sofia: What's your favourite month?

Haoran: October. We celebrate our National Day in this month and have a long holiday.

Sofia: When's China's National Day?

Haoran: It's on the first of October.
What's your favourite month?

Sofia: December. My birthday is in December. I like blowing out the candles on my birthday cake!

Haoran: When's your birthday?

Sofia: It's on the eleventh of December.

Haoran: Oh! It's coming soon!



B Let's learn. 🎧



When's your birthday?



It's on the twenty-ninth of July.

7月 JUL						
日	一	二	三	四	五	六
	1	2	3	4	5	6
7	8	9	10	11	12	13
14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27
28	29	30	31			

July

8月 AUG						
日	一	二	三	四	五	六
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31						

August

9月 SEPT						
日	一	二	三	四	五	六
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30					

September

10月 OCT						
日	一	二	三	四	五	六
		1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

October

11月 NOV						
日	一	二	三	四	五	六
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

November

12月 DEC						
日	一	二	三	四	五	六
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
29	30	31				

December

C Look, listen and tick. 🎧

①

June

☐

July

☐

②

August

☐

September

☐

③

1 October

☐

21 October

☐

④

20 November

☐

30 December

☐

D Do a survey.

What's your favourite month?

When is Christmas?

December. We celebrate Christmas in this month.

It's on the twenty-fifth of December.



Name	Favourite month	Reason
Lisa	December	celebrate Christmas

Lesson 3

A Read and write.

- 1 What is your favourite celebration day? Why?
- 2 Read the texts, number the pictures and underline how they celebrate these celebration days. 🎧



I am Xinxin and I'm from China. My favourite celebration day is the Mid-Autumn Festival. It is usually in September. On this day, my family get together and have a big dinner. After dinner, we enjoy the moon and eat mooncakes. I like it because I can have a good time with my family.

I am Karen. I'm from Finland. My favourite celebration day is Midsummer. It is in June. On this day, people celebrate the summer and wish for a good harvest. I often enjoy sunshine with my family. Sometimes we have a barbecue at night. I like it because it is a day of hope and happiness.

My name is Jamal. I'm from Nigeria. I love the Fishing Festival. It is usually in late February. During the festival, people play a game to see who can catch the biggest fish in the lake. I like it because it's a big festival of hope.

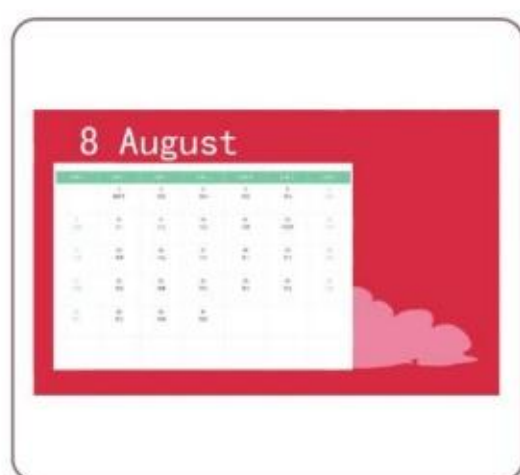
- 3 Read the texts again and fill in the table.

Who	Where	Celebration day	When

4 Use the mind-map to write about your favourite celebration day.



B Let's spell. 🎧



August



autumn



daughter



boat



coat



goat

C Listen and repeat. 🎧

A: When is your daughter's birthday?

B: It is nex(t) Monday, the tenth of August.

Fun time

A Let's do.

A poster about your favourite celebration day

1 Fill in the table with information about your favourite celebration day.

Celebration day			
Date		Season	
Weather		Activity	

2 Make a poster according to the information in the table.



3 Introduce your poster.



My favourite celebration day is Tree Planting Day.
 It's on the twelfth of March. It's in spring. The
 weather is warm and sometimes rainy. We plant
 trees on this day. We often have a picnic after that.
 It's a lot of fun.

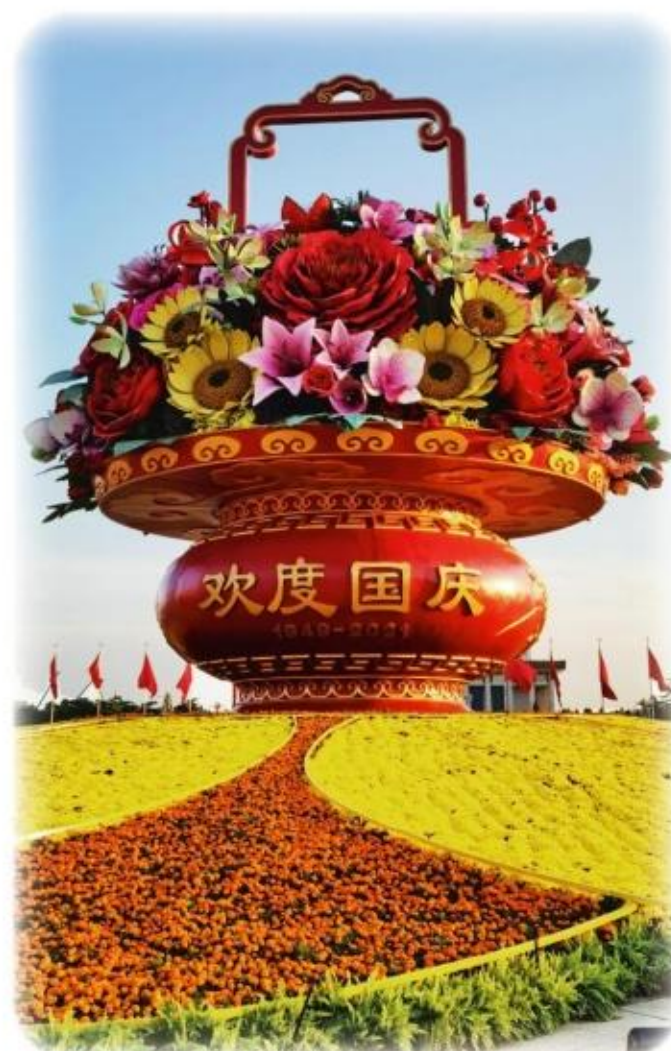
B Good to know.

Different national days

China's National Day is on 1 October. On this day, there are lots of events, such as firework displays, concerts and shows.

America's national day, Independence Day, is on 4 July. There are many public events, like parades, shows and firework displays.

France's national day, Bastille Day, is on 14 July. There are huge firework displays and a parade down the streets of Paris.



Self-check

1 I can say:



January, February, March, April, May, June, July, August, September, October, November, December, month, candle, get together, mooncake, wish, sunshine, catch

2 I can talk:



A: When is Mother's Day?

B: It's on the second Sunday of May.

A: When is your birthday?

B: It's on the twenty-ninth of July.

3 I can write about my favourite celebration day.



4 I can spell words like August and boat.



Story time

A Let's read.



Bear wanted to find something fun, but he hated waiting. One day in January, he found a golden remote. It could skip time. "Great!" he thought, and clicked on it.

Then February came. His friends were building a snowman. Bear wanted to join, but it was too cold, so he clicked again.



March came with spring rain. He didn't like the rain. So he clicked and skipped April and May. But he also missed the beautiful flowers, the kites, and a class picnic.

June arrived. It was too hot, so he clicked and skipped July and August. "Why can't I find anything fun?" he was worried.





September. October. Then December. Bear kept clicking. He heard his family and friends talking about mooncakes, hiking, and ice skating. But he didn't find anything fun. "Why?" he wondered.



It was January again. He looked out of the window. His friends were still building a snowman happily. Bear suddenly knew what to do ...

B Answer the questions.

1. What did Bear get so he could skip time?
2. Did he feel happy with it? Why?
3. What can we learn from the story?

C Retell the story.

Unit 6

Heroes

高樓當此夜
嘆息未應回
李白 唐



Heroes are made, not born.



Questions:

- 1 Who are the people in the pictures?
- 2 Who is your hero? Why?

Lesson 1

A Let's talk. 🎧

Harry: Oh, who are the people in the pictures on the wall?

Haoran: They are all famous people in China.

Harry: Look at this picture. Who is this lady?

Haoran: She is Tu Youyou, a famous scientist. She is my hero. How about you? Who is your hero?

Harry: My hero is Marie Curie. She was also a famous scientist. I am a big fan of hers.

Haoran: She is great. I like her too.



B Let's learn. 🎧



Who is your hero?



My hero is Liu Yang.
She is a famous astronaut.

astronaut

engineer

poet

scientist



Liu Yang



Mao Yisheng



Li Bai



Tu Youyou

C Look, listen and match. 🎧

D Let's play.

Who is your hero?

Is she Liu Yang?

My hero is a lady. She is a famous astronaut in China. I am a big fan of hers.

Yes, she is.

Lesson 2

A Let's talk. 🎧

Dad: Come here, Jiaming. This TV programme is introducing Yang Liwei.

Jiaming: Really? He is my hero.

Dad: Why do you like him?

Jiaming: Because he is the first Chinese astronaut to fly into space.

Dad: That's good, my boy! I think you can learn a lot from him.



B Let's learn. 🎧



Why do you like Yang Liwei?

Because he is the first Chinese astronaut to fly into space.



Yang Liwei
is the first
Chinese
astronaut
to fly into space



Zhan Tianyou
designed the
first modern
railway in
China



Li Qingzhao
wrote many
beautiful
poems



Yuan Longping
developed
hybrid rice

C Look, listen and match. 



D Let's play.

Look at the people in the pictures. Who is your hero?
Why do you like him?

My hero is ...
Because ...



Lesson 3

A Read and write.

1 Who is your hero? Why do you like him/her?

2 Read the text and underline Xinxin's heroes. 🎧



I'm Xinxin. I have two heroes.

One is Yuan Longping. He was a world-famous scientist. People see him as the father of hybrid rice. His work on hybrid rice saves a lot of people from hunger. I like him very much.

The other is Wang Yaping. She is China's first female astronaut to walk in outer space. Her life on the space station was amazing! I hope I can also travel to space one day.



3 Read the text again and fill in the table.

Name	Job	Achievement

4 Write about your hero.

- (1) Who is he/she?
- (2) What is his/her job?
- (3) Why do you like him/her?

B Let's spell. 🎧



cheer



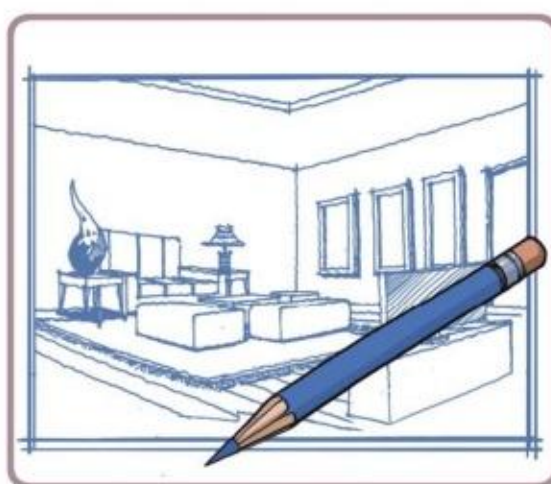
deer



engineer



sign



design



resign

C Listen and repeat. 🎧

A: Why do you li(ke) him?

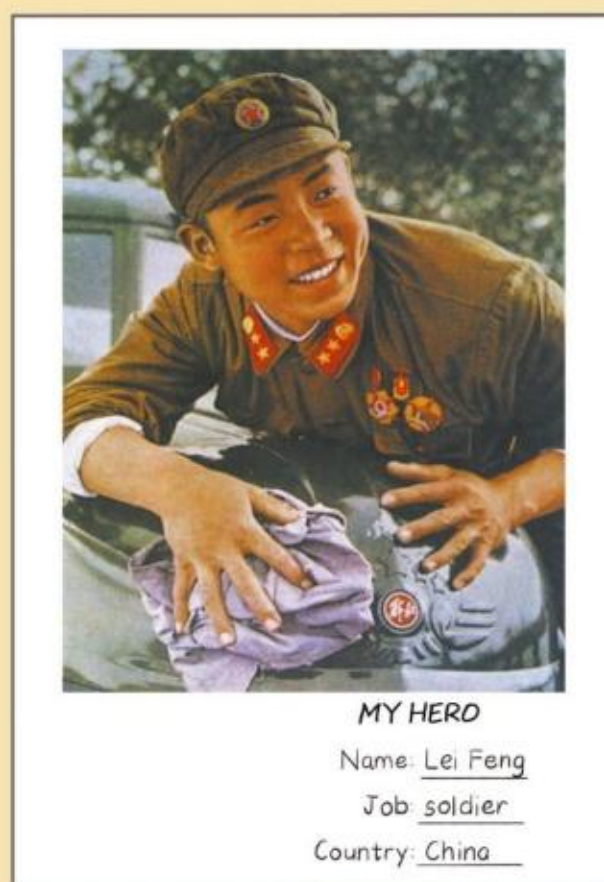
B: Because he is a great engineer.

Fun time

A Let's do.

A hero card

1 Make a hero card.



2 Show your card and introduce your hero.

Hello, everyone! This is Lei Feng. He is my hero. I am a big fan of his. He was a famous soldier in China. He was always ready to help others. ...



3 Put the cards into an album called *Our Heroes*.



B Good to know.

A hero can be a famous person, like a scientist or a poet, but he or she can also be an ordinary person around you, such as your parent, relative or friend. They will often show up in time to help you solve problems and cheer you up.

There are many reasons why having a hero is important. First, a hero shows us how to be brave, kind and hard-working. Second, a hero gives us strength when we feel down. Third, a hero makes us want to help others too.

Having a hero helps you become a better person. Choose yours now!



Self-check

1 I can say:



astronaut, engineer, poet, scientist, is the first Chinese astronaut to fly into space, designed the first modern railway in China, wrote many beautiful poems, developed hybrid rice, hero, fan

2 I can talk:



A: Who is your hero?

B: My hero is Liu Yang. She is a famous astronaut.

A: Why do you like Yang Liwei?

B: Because he is the first Chinese astronaut to fly into space.

3 I can write about my hero.



4 I can spell words like cheer and sign.



Story time

A Let's read.

Helen Keller was born in America in 1880. When she was very young, she got very sick from a fever.



She became unable to see or hear. From then on, her world became silent and dark.

When Helen was six years old, her parents found a teacher for her. The teacher also nearly lost her sight as a child. She knew how hard it was for Helen to live in the dark.



The teacher taught Helen carefully, and Helen worked very hard. She learned how to read with her fingers. And she learned how to speak by touching others' lips.



When she was twenty, she went to university. She wrote about her life in several books and gave lectures about the education of the deaf and blind.



Helen became a famous writer and educator. Her teacher showed her love, and she passed the love on to many others. She is a hero to many people.

B Put the sentences in order.

- () Helen went to university.
- () Helen got very sick and couldn't hear or see.
- () Helen worked very hard and learned how to read and speak.
- () Helen's parents found a teacher for her.
- () Helen wrote about her life and gave lectures to help the deaf and blind.
- () Helen became a hero to many people.

C Answer the questions.

- 1 What do you know about Helen Keller?
- 2 What can you learn from Helen Keller?

Revision 2

A Listen and play.

1 Look, listen and number. 

February

()

April

()

June

()

September

()

October

()

December

()

2 Let's play.

It's spring. What's your favourite celebration day in spring?

Tree Planting Day.



It's the Spring Festival. What season is it in?

It is in winter.

B Listen and talk.

1 Look, listen and number. 🎧



()



()



()



()

2 Ask and answer.

Find information about one of the famous people, and talk about him/her.



Du Fu



Leonardo da Vinci



Marie Curie



Read and write.

1 Read a girl's diary and fill in the blanks.

12 March, Sunday/sunny

Dear Diary,

Today is my birthday, the same day as Tree Planting Day. So Tree Planting Day is my favourite celebration day.

I celebrated my birthday by planting a tree in the countryside this year. I went there early in the morning with my parents. We dug a hole, put a young tree into it and watered the soil. I felt excited because I knew the tree would grow bigger and taller, just like me. After that, we had a picnic. I cut my birthday cake. My parents sang the birthday song for me. We talked and laughed.

It was a simple but special day.



- (1) The girl's birthday is on _____, the same day as _____.
- (2) The girl celebrated her birthday by _____ this year.
- (3) The family _____ a hole, _____ a young tree into it and _____ the soil.
- (4) The girl felt excited because she knew _____.
- (5) After planting the tree, the family _____.
- (6) The girl thought it was a _____ day.

2 How did you celebrate your birthday? Write about it.

D Let's spell.

Read, sort and write.

sign	beach	daughter	peach	boat	match
lunch	coat	engineer	autumn	catch	cheer
August	design	watch	deer	goat	resign

ch

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au

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eer

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Appendix 1

Vocabulary in each unit

注：加*的词为《义务教育英语课程标准（2022年版）》中的二级词；
黑体词要求理解、运用，白体词只要求在语境中理解。

Unit 1

north 北方；北方的	p. 4
northeast 东北方； 东北方的	p. 4
east 东方；东方的	p. 4
southeast 东南方； 东南方的	p. 4
south 南方；南方的	p. 4
southwest 西南方； 西南方的	p. 4
west 西方；西方的	p. 4
northwest 西北方； 西北方的	p. 4
climb 攀登；爬	p. 6
mountain 高山	p. 6
sunrise 日出	p. 6
ride 骑	p. 6
* city 城市	p. 4
* wonderful 精彩的； 绝妙的；令人惊叹的	p. 4
* hometown 家乡；故乡	p. 4
* beach 海滩；沙滩	p. 6
* top 顶端；顶部	p. 6

* last 最近的；上一个	p. 8
* young 年轻的； 相对年轻的	p. 8
look for 寻找	p. 8
* get 变得	p. 8

Unit 2

* excited 激动的；兴奋的	p. 16
* angry 愤怒的；生气的	p. 16
* win 获胜，赢	p. 16
* get 获得；得到；感染上 (疾病)	p. 16
break 弄坏；损坏	p. 16
ask ... for help 向……求助	p. 18
go to ... for help 去向……求助	p. 18
* answer 答案	p. 18
* internet (国际) 互联网； 因特网	p. 18
* why (用于问句) 为什么， 为何	p. 16
volleyball 排球	p. 18

*ago 以前	p. 20
*begin 开始	p. 20
*cry 哭; 哭泣	p. 20
*call 打电话; 通话	p. 20
not ... at all 一点也 不……; 完全不……	p. 20
What's up? 怎么回事?	p. 18

Unit 3

first 第一; 首先	p. 28
*get 去取 (或带来)	p. 28
seed 种子	p. 28
soil 土壤	p. 28
pot 陶盆; 陶罐	p. 28
second 第二; 其次	p. 28
*put 放	p. 28
third 第三	p. 28
fourth 第四	p. 28
*sun 太阳	p. 28
*last 最后	p. 28
harvest 收割; 收获	p. 28
fifth 第五	p. 30
sixth 第六	p. 30
seventh 第七	p. 30
eighth 第八	p. 30
ninth 第九	p. 30
tenth 第十	p. 30

grow (1) 种植	p. 26
(2) 成长	p. 30
radish 小萝卜	p. 28
*easy 容易的	p. 28
*wait 等; 等待	p. 28
tiny 极小的	p. 30
leaf (复数leaves) 叶子	p. 30
fourteenth 第十四	p. 30
sixteenth 第十六	p. 30
thirtieth 第三十	p. 30
pull 拔; 拉	p. 30
*front 前面的; 前部的	p. 32

Unit 4

*spring 春天; 春季	p. 44
*summer 夏天; 夏季	p. 44
*autumn 秋天; 秋季	p. 44
*winter 冬天; 冬季	p. 44
outing (集体) 出外游玩 (或学习等); 远足	p. 46
sky 天空	p. 46
pick 采摘	p. 46
ice skating 滑冰	p. 46
*season 季; 季节	p. 42
*wake 醒; 醒来	p. 44
*moon 月亮	p. 46
*year 年; 一年时间	p. 48

*rain 雨; 下雨	p. 48
*star 星; 恒星	p. 48
*snow 雪; 下雪	p. 48

Unit 5

January 一月	p. 56
February 二月	p. 56
March 三月	p. 56
April 四月	p. 56
May 五月	p. 56
June 六月	p. 56
July 七月	p. 58
August 八月	p. 58
September 九月	p. 58
October 十月	p. 58
November 十一月	p. 58
December 十二月	p. 58
*month 月; 月份	p. 56
*candle 蜡烛	p. 58
get together 聚会	p. 60
mooncake 月饼	p. 60
*wish 希望; 想要; 祝愿	p. 60
sunshine 阳光	p. 60
*catch 逮住; 捕捉; 捕获	p. 60

Unit 6

*astronaut 宇航员	p. 68
engineer 工程师	p. 68
poet 诗人	p. 68
scientist 科学家	p. 68
*space 外层空间; 太空	p. 70
design 设计	p. 70
railway 铁路; 铁道	p. 70
develop 研发; 培育	p. 70
hybrid 杂交的	p. 70
hero 英雄; 崇拜的对象	p. 66
*fan 迷; 狂热爱好者	p. 68

Vocabulary A-Z

注：加*的词为《义务教育英语课程标准（2022年版）》中的二级词；
黑体词要求理解、运用，白体词只要求在语境中理解。

A

*ago 以前	p. 20
*angry 愤怒的；生气的	p. 16
*answer 答案	p. 18
April 四月	p. 56
ask ... for help	
向……求助	p. 18
*astronaut 宇航员	p. 68
August 八月	p. 58
*autumn 秋天；秋季	p. 44

B

*beach 海滩；沙滩	p. 6
*begin 开始	p. 20
break 弄坏；损坏	p. 16

C

*call 打电话；通话	p. 20
*candle 蜡烛	p. 58
*catch 逮住；捕捉；捕获	p. 60
*city 城市	p. 4
climb 攀登；爬	p. 6
*cry 哭；哭泣	p. 20

D

December 十二月	p. 58
design 设计	p. 70
develop 研发；培育	p. 70

E

east 东方；东方的	p. 4
*easy 容易的	p. 28
eighth 第八	p. 30
engineer 工程师	p. 68
*excited 激动的；兴奋的	p. 16

F

*fan 迷；狂热爱好者	p. 68
February 二月	p. 56
fifth 第五	p. 30
first 第一；首先	p. 28
fourteenth 第十四	p. 30
fourth 第四	p. 28
*front 前面的；前部的	p. 32

G

*get (1) 变得	p. 8
(2) 获得；得到； 感染上（疾病）	p. 16
(3) 去取（或带来）	p. 28

get together 聚会 p. 60

go to ... for help

去向……求助 p. 18

grow (1) 种植 p. 26

(2) 成长 p. 30

H

harvest 收割; 收获 p. 28

hero 英雄; 崇拜的对象 p. 66

***hometown** 家乡; 故乡 p. 4

hybrid 杂交的 p. 70

I

ice skating 滑冰 p. 46

***internet** (国际) 互联网;
因特网 p. 18

J

January 一月 p. 56

July 七月 p. 58

June 六月 p. 56

L

***last** (1) 最近的;
上一个 p. 8

(2) 最后 p. 28

leaf (复数leaves)
叶子 p. 30

look for 寻找 p. 8

M

March 三月 p. 56

May 五月 p. 56

***month** 月; 月份 p. 56

***moon** 月亮 p. 46

mooncake 月饼 p. 60

mountain 高山 p. 6

N

ninth 第九 p. 30

north 北方; 北方的 p. 4

northeast 东北方;
东北方的 p. 4

northwest 西北方;
西北方的 p. 4

not ... at all 一点也
不……; 完全不…… p. 20

November 十一月 p. 58

O

October 十月 p. 58

outing (集体) 出外游玩
(或学习等); 远足 p. 46

P

pick 采摘 p. 46

poet 诗人 p. 68

pot 陶盆; 陶罐 p. 28

pull 拔; 拉 p. 30

***put** 放 p. 28

R

radish 小萝卜 p. 28

railway 铁路; 铁道 p. 70

***rain** 雨; 下雨 p. 48

ride 骑 p. 6

S

scientist 科学家 p. 68

***season** 季; 季节 p. 42

second 第二; 其次 p. 28

seed 种子 p. 28

September 九月 p. 58

seventh 第七 p. 30

sixteenth 第十六 p. 30

sixth 第六 p. 30

sky 天空 p. 46

***snow** 雪; 下雪 p. 48

soil 土壤 p. 28

south 南方; 南方的 p. 4

southeast 东南方;
东南方的 p. 4

southwest 西南方;
西南方的 p. 4

***space** 外层空间; 太空 p. 70

***spring** 春天; 春季 p. 44

***star** 星; 恒星 p. 48

***summer** 夏天; 夏季 p. 44

***sun** 太阳 p. 28

sunrise 日出 p. 6

sunshine 阳光 p. 60

T

tenth 第十 p. 30

third 第三 p. 28

thirtieth 第三十 p. 30

tiny 极小的 p. 30

***top** 顶端; 顶部 p. 6

V

volleyball 排球 p. 18

W

***wait** 等; 等待 p. 28

***wake** 醒; 醒来 p. 44

west 西方; 西方的 p. 4

What's up? 怎么回事? p. 18

***why** (用于问句) 为什么,
为何 p. 16

***win** 获胜, 赢 p. 16

***winter** 冬天; 冬季 p. 44

***wish** 希望; 想要; 祝愿 p. 60

***wonderful** 精彩的;
绝妙的; 令人惊叹的 p. 4

Y

***year** 年; 一年时间 p. 48

***young** 年轻的;
相对年轻的 p. 8

Appendix 3

Irregular verbs

不规则动词

(注：本词表不含情态动词)

Verb 动词	Past tense 过去式	Verb 动词	Past tense 过去式
be (am, is, are)	was, were	make	made
begin	began	meet	met
bring	brought	put	put
buy	bought	read	read
catch	caught	run	ran
come	came	say	said
cut	cut	see	saw
do	did	sell	sold
draw	drew	sing	sang
drink	drank	sit	sat
drive	drove	sleep	slept
eat	ate	speak	spoke
feel	felt	stand	stood
find	found	swim	swam
fly	flew	take	took
get	got	teach	taught
give	gave	tell	told
go	went	think	thought
have (has)	had	wake	woke
hear	heard	wear	wore
hurt	hurt	win	won
keep	kept	write	wrote
know	knew		
learn	learnt, learned		
let	let		

Cardinal and ordinal numbers

基数词和序数词

1	one	1st	first
2	two	2nd	second
3	three	3rd	third
4	four	4th	fourth
5	five	5th	fifth
6	six	6th	sixth
7	seven	7th	seventh
8	eight	8th	eighth
9	nine	9th	ninth
10	ten	10th	tenth
11	eleven	11th	eleventh
12	twelve	12th	twelfth
13	thirteen	13th	thirteenth
14	fourteen	14th	fourteenth
15	fifteen	15th	fifteenth
16	sixteen	16th	sixteenth
17	seventeen	17th	seventeenth
18	eighteen	18th	eighteenth
19	nineteen	19th	nineteenth
20	twenty	20th	twentieth
21	twenty-one	21st	twenty-first
30	thirty	30th	thirtieth
40	forty	40th	fortieth
50	fifty	50th	fiftieth
60	sixty	60th	sixtieth
70	seventy	70th	seventieth
80	eighty	80th	eightieth
90	ninety	90th	ninetieth
100	one hundred	100th	one hundredth

后 记

本套教科书由人民教育出版社课程教材研究所英语课程教材研究开发中心依据教育部《义务教育英语课程标准（2022年版）》编写，经国家教材委员会专家委员会2024年审核通过。

本套教科书集中反映了基础教育课程改革的最新成果，总结了上一版《义务教育教科书 英语》的编写经验，凝聚了教育专家、学科专家、教材编写人员、教研人员及一线教师的集体智慧。本套教科书封面设计由中央美术学院设计团队完成，人民教育出版社设计部制作。本册教科书版式设计和插图绘制为《讽刺与幽默》报社有限公司（人民日报漫画增刊）及林敏团队。参与编写工作的还有安云和马茜。我们感谢所有对教科书的编写、审读、试教、出版等提供过帮助与支持的同仁和社会各界朋友。

本册教科书出版之前，我们通过多种渠道与教科书选用作品的作者进行了联系，得到了他们的大力支持。视觉中国图库为本册教科书提供了图片素材。对此，我们表示衷心的感谢！

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